35 CENTS A MONTH

WASHINGTON, D. C., FRIDAY, MAY 4, 1883.

LADIES

TAYLOR & HUFTY.

They keep the Best, but they keep the Cheapest

Good Jerseys at \$2.25. Stylish Gingham Suits, \$4.50. Children's Dresses at \$1.75. Ladies' Wrappers from \$1.00. Spring Sacques, \$5.00,

AND THE

Most Complete Stock in the City

TO CHOOSE PROM.

The Best Wearing Hose in the World and the Cheapest to Buy,

The English Ribbed Stocking

A SPECIALTY IN

Shirt Waists for Boys, Misses and Girls.

TAYLOR & HUFTY.

INTERESTING DISPLAY

WALL PAPER.

American, French, English, German.

New Establishment,

913 F Street Northwest,

Louis A. Dieter,

Who bega to introduce himself in this city through a public exhibit of his many odd and peculiar de-

Side-Wall and Ceiling Decoration, Equal in Variety, Price and Style of Ex-ecution to any house in or South of New York.

Quaint French Patterns, Dainty English Styles,

Leather Imitations.

In fact all grades of papers from the finest to the most the xpensive.

Fresco Work and Interior Painting Executed by Emmart & Quartley.

LOUIS A. DIETER,

913 F Street Northwest,

And 30 N. Howard Street, Baltimore.

MATTINGS! MATTINGS! MATTINGS!

Oil Cloths, Lignums, Linoleums. FULL LINE OF

Cotton, Damask, Striped and Plain Linens for Loose Covers.

"Alaska Refrigerator."

EVERY ONE GUARANTEED. SINGLETON & HOEKE 801 Market Space.

The Great Success MET BY THE

MISFIT STORE,

Cor. Tenth and F Streets, Since opening over a year ago is simply due to the fine class of Glothing sold at such prices as are only possible in an inexpensive locality, a cash husiness and the smallest possible expenses. Every garment is guaranteed to give thorough astinaction or money will be cheerfully refunded.

SUITS FOR MEN AND VOUTUS. d Sulls at \$6.50, worth \$10. or Sulls at \$7.50, worth \$12. wool Cheviot Bults (15 styles) at \$10, worth

815.
All wool Cassimere Solits at \$10, worth \$16.
Black Diagonal Builts at \$15, worth \$25.
Fine Black Diagonal coat and vest, Prince Albert
style, at \$15, worth \$25.
Fine Brown Tricol coat and vest. Prince Albert
stile, at \$15, worth \$25.
Black Tricol Solits, coat and yest, Prince Albert
\$25, 70.00 Suits, Culaway frock, at \$15, worth
\$25, 70.00 Suits, Culaway frock, at \$15, worth

Bank. Tribot Suits at 86, worth \$16.

Rius Plannel Suits at 86, worth \$16.

Rest Plannel Suits at 82,50, worth \$16.

Packt Cloth Suits at \$21, worth \$25.

Riack Cloth D. S. Suits at \$18. worth \$25.

Finest Black Cloth Dress Suits at \$23, worth \$25.

Finest Black Cloth Dress Suits at \$23, worth \$25.

SUITS FOR BOYS FROM 12 TO 17.

Good Plain Suits for \$6, worth \$16.

Spiendid Suits for \$6, worth \$15.

Flee Suits for \$10, worth \$15.

FOR BOYS FROM 4 TO 12.

Good Knockabout Suits for \$2, worth \$4.50.

Good Knockabout Suits for \$2, worth \$5.50.
Nice Suits for \$3, worth \$6.
All wool Suits for \$1, worth \$6.50.
Splendid Suits for \$0, worth \$5.
At \$2, \$2, \$5, \$42.50, \$4, \$4.50, \$4 and \$6, about one-half the ordinary price.

WORKING PANTS At 75c., \$1, \$1.25 and \$1.50. Our Motte: NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS

MISS ANNIE K. HUMPHERY, MAKES CORSETS TO ORDER in every style and material, and guarantees per teet fit. Children's Waists & Corsets a specialty,

DUMB BELLS.
THE REST IN THE CITY.
FOR SALE BY F. SCHNRIDER & SON,
MYE PENNA. AVE. AND 18TH SY. Dealer in Wall Papers, Window Shades, Picture Prames, Pictures, &c. 916 SEVENTH STREET NORTHWEST.

First Edition.

THE DEPARTMENTS.

THE Wachusett sailed from Honolulu for Samon Islands April 17.

THE U. S. S. Powhatan left Key West

GOVERNMENT receipts to-day : Internal revenue, \$1,444,559.90; customs, \$615,240.56.

THE National banknotes received for redemption to-day amounted to \$152,000. In consequence of the quarantine at New Orleans the Postofilee Department has di-rected that all mails for Cuba and mails for Mexico sent by sea be dispatched by way of New York.

The Treasury committee who are engaged in examining locks and fastenings for cars transporting dutable merchandise from ports of entry to interior ports, continued the examination of the subject to-

THE Hawaiian Government has protested formally against the introduction of Chinese into that country and will prevent the landing of all Chinese emigrants. This Government has been informed of the re-

RUMOR was current here yesterday that Hon. M. G. Urner had been appointed Commissioner of Internal Revenue, vice Green B, Raum, resigned. It is understood that some of Mr. Urner's friends have been urging the President to make this appointment, but the report could not be traced to any definite or reliable source.

The following naval orders were issued to-day: Commander N. H. Farquhar, from the Naval Academy 14th inst. and ordered to command the practice-ship Constellation; Lieutenant-Commander Horace Elmer, Lieutenants John P. Merrell, Duncan Kennedy, Robert G. Peck, W. P. Clason and Frank A. Holmes, Easign A. E. Culner, Pay-Inspector L. G. Billings, Assistant Surgeon Oliver Diebl and Chaplain A. A. McAllister from the Naval Academy 14th instant and ordered to the practice ship Constellation; Commander Charles D. Sigsby from the Naval Academy, 14th instant, and ordered to command the practice-ship Dale; Lieutenants Harry Knox, Uriel Sabree, William H. Turner, John H. Bull and Thomas B. Howard, Ensigns H. C. Gearing and William Fullam and Passed Assistant Surgeon W. A. McCling, from the Naval Academy, 14th, and ordered to the Dale; Ensign E. P. Sheerin, ordered to duty in the Coast Survey; Chaplain William H. Stewart, to the training-ship Minnesota, 15th instant.

Railroad Troubles.

CHICAGO, May 4.—A telegram from Commissioner Fink yesterday afternoon calling a meeting of the general managers and freight agents in New York on May 15 excites considerable comment in railroad circles this morning, as it has been generally understood that another meeting would not be held for several months. It is believed to be the purpose of the meeting to order another general reduction in East-bound rates in order to prevent the cutting practiced since the new rates went into effect, and to consider the trouble in the East-bound live-stock pool, and to consider the Mickel-Plated and Chicago and Grand Trunk roads. Experienced railroaders fear a rupture at the meeting cannot be avoided.

Fatal Accidents.

Nobway, Mich., May 4.—Last night John Peelan, while going home, fell 200-feet down an abandoned shaft, and was in-stantly killed.

BELMONT, I.L., May 4.—Mrs. Naunlo Sawyer was burned to death while churning near a fire. Her daughter Rosa, aged 11, was fatally burned trying to save her mother.

mother.

MARQUETTE, MICH., May 4.—Mary Burke, aged 16, daughter of a wealthy farmer, was burned to death while playing around a kettle at a sugar camp.

Fatal Railroad Accident.

HOWARD CITY, MICH, May 4.—Tho east bound express on the Detroit, Northern & Lansing Road, last evening, struck a wagou, instantly killing a man named Johnson and three women. Their bodies were man-gled beyond recognition.

FINANCIAL.

To-day's Stock Quotations. tions in the financial market to-day, together with the opening and closing quotations, are furnished by the banking-house of H. D. Gooke, fr., & Co., 1429 F street, Washington, D. C.:

Name. | O. 3p.m. Name. | O. 3p.m

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C & O	20%	20%	N Pa pref	51%	513
CCCkI	74	744	pref	88.4	884
Can S		67	Pa Matt	41.4	21
B& L		126	R Island	126	125
CC&IC	5	5	Reading	551/4	553
Cen Pa	77	774	St Paul	103%	104%
Cen Pa D L & W	127%	1277	pref Union Pa W Union	119%	1103
Del & H	110	110	Union Pa	97%	1973
D& RG	51	51%	W Union	83%	834
Erie	37	374	WSILEP.	20%	29%
H & St J	39	414	pref	47%	473
pref	80	96%	Col Coal	87	87
H & Tex	73	73	Col Coal	10%	104
Ill Cen		145	pref	214	21a 804
IB&W	80	20%	Met El	80	804
L Shore		11114	N Y E1		101
L & Nash	534	534	N & W		12
LELW.	30	201/	pref	43	431
M Cen	0.4	93%) Cen	124	124
			Pa B H	20.0	564
			8 & A	12	12
Man El	45	4.13	ll & P	19%	
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U & W	28%	284			

U. S. 4s, coupon... 119% 2119% 119% 2119% U. S. 4s, registered. 119% 2119% 119% 2119% U. S. 4 8s, coupon... 112% 2112% 113% 2113%

U. S. 44s, reg. 113 2 113 113 112 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11								
D. C. BONDS.					Ask'd			
	115%	116%	W.&G st'k.		170			
Per Im. 7s '91, cur Mt. St'k 7s '92, cur Water st'k	119%		N. Cap. & O street Met Anacostia.	74	70			
7s, 1901, currency. Water st'k 7s, 1903, currency. 50-yr.fund	129	133	FIRE & INS COS. Wash. City Gasl't, Co.					
3.65s 1924 currency . 20-yr fund 5 pc.1899 currency . 29-yr fund	100%		N. Union. Ool'ba. Met. Potomac. Aritogt'n	84	40 2014 914 46 148			
Gs. 1892,	115%	116%	Franklin. Corcoran. Ger-Am'n.		46			

Reep's Summer Underwear. Best stock and prices the lowest at Keep's, 157 Seventh street.

A Indicious Choice. Heston Herald.

The choice of William M, Evarts to deliver the speech at the opening of the Brooklyn bridge, is a judicious one, The length of his sentences will compare favorably with the length of the bridge.

TYNAN, SHERIDAN, WALSH

WILL THEY BE SURRENDERED

On the Demand of Great Britain? Assistant Secretary Davis Says the Statter Has Already Been Talked Over-Interviews with Sheridan and Walsh, Who Deny Their Guilt-What British Officials Here Say.

Assistant Secretary Davis, of the State Department, was met by a Carric reporter this afternoon and interrogated relative to what steps have been taken by this Government in the Irish extradition matter.

erment in the Irish extradition matter. He said:

"I will not deny that the matter of extraditing Tynan, Walsh and Sheridan has been brought to the attention of the State Department by the English Government, and that the question has been fully talked over by Secretary Frelinghuysen and others, who are fully aware, even now, of what steps will be taken. But no information will be given to the press until the President and Secretary have held a final conference and decided what will be done."

The conversation with Mr. Davis indicates plainly that the British Government has intimated that it would make a formal demand for Tynan, Walsh and Sheridan, and that the extradition papers were received at least two weeks ago.

Another State Department official declared that the question had been secretly discussed at two Cabinet meetings.

"If," he said, "the English Government claims that the men were implicated in a murder committed for political effect—or, in other words, in an effort to free Ireland—they will not be surrendered, but if it is satisfactorily proven that the marder was committed as a matter of revenge, they will be given up instantly."

What Captain Condon Says.

Captain O'Meagher Condon, who has felt the sting of British oppression, was met on Fifteenth street this afternoon by THE CRITIC. Referring to the probable extradition of Sheridan, Tynan and Walsh he said.

"I cannot make myself believe that this "I cannot make myself believe that this free American Government can so far prostitute itself as to yield to the demand of England for the blood of some of our best citizens. Mr. Sheridan and the other parties whose extradition is demanded, we all know, are entirely innocent of having had any connection with the plots to assassinate English officials. England naturally hates Editor Sheridan, whose caustic pen has done so much to show up the wickedness of that country, and I do not doubt that if this Government turns him over to these bloodthirsty Britishers they will trump up sufficient perjured evidence to consign him to the gallows.

Cawn't Tell You. At the English Legation Minister West is "out" to callers, and his secretaries dis-miss you with, "Well I cawn't tell you anything about the matter, you know. You will have to see the Minister or Secre-ters Feelinghusses." tary Frelinghuysen."

United Press Association Interviews New York, May 4.—Last night and this morning a correspondent of the United Press Association obtained the following

this morning a correspondent of the United Press Association obtained the following interview and expressions of opinion regarding the indictment and proposed extradition of the alleged Irish conspirators:

P. J. Sheridan, one of the men wanted, said that the British Government knew no more about him to-day than when Carey began to perjure himself. He should stay at the Astor House and await the worst efforts the British could be capable of.

When the United States Authorities

Wanted Him
they could find him at the Irish World office. When asked whether he had been at Phonix Park at the time of the murder he replied that he had nothing to say.

John Walsh, another of the accused, went further than Sheridan. He denied his guilt, and said that the case had been thoroughly examined at Parls, and that he had neither hidden nor run away. He had engaged no counsel, and wanted none. One gentleman who was present said that

Tyann Had Been in New York for two weeks until Tuesday night, when he had gone West, it was believed, to San Francisco.

At the Irish World office it was said that

At the Irish World office it was said that Governor B. F. Butler, General Roger A. Pryor and Attorney-General Walker had been retained as Sheridan's counsel. Thos. Brennan, ex-secretary of the Irish League, said the only case that could be raised against the accused was political, and the United States could not possibly take any comizing of it.

cognizance of it.

O'Donovan Rossa
says the country and the people of Ireland, who are ruled by tyranny and driven from their homes, will never be extradited by the American Government. Their informers would, if sent over here, not be listened to by an American jury. He added, incidentally, that the Philadelphia convention was a dynamite convention, but no one said so, for fear of being "ballyhoed."

What Mr. Frelinghuysen Says. Secretary Freelinghuysen this afternoon positively denied that the extradition papers had deen received, but remained significantly silent when asked if any correspondence preliminary to the issuance of such papers had passed between the two governments. When questioned further he declined to talk. governments. Where is Tynan?
Where is Tynan?

A dispatch received here to-day states that Tynan, one of the trio, is in London, England, and has been there for some time. This leaves only Sheridan and Walsh in

Mr. Sheridan Ready When Wanted.
The New York World publishes the following interview with Mr. Sheridan:
"Mr. F. J. Sheridan is employed on the editorial start of the Jerok Nowle. He was not at the common but was seen in the evening at the Astor House. In response to inquiries the said: "I have really nothing new to say about this matter. The whole subject was thoroughly discussed by the press when the question of my extradition was first agitated, I am not surprised at anything the British Government of their worst efforts. I am not at all afraid of the Consequences, and at any time that the United States authorities require me they will have no difficulty whatever in anding me. My whereabouts can always be ascertained by a simple inquiry at the Jrisk Horsh office.

"The your regard the murder of Gavendish and Burke as a political offense! "The World offense when the content of the consequence, and the subject at least. Confense, in T. Trevelyan, the Chief Gense."

"Do you regard the murder of Gavendish and Burke as a political offense? were committed in Ireland, and if he regards it as a political offense is the subject at least. Confense, in T. Trevelyan, the Chief Secretary for Ireland, it one of his speeches and it was one of the first political offenses."

"Do you regard the killing of any English Government official in Ireland by an Irichman as a political offense in the consequence of which the perpetrator should be provided he secapes to this country?"

"I decline to save, replied My an Irichman as a political offense from the consequence of the first political offense in the consequence of the latter of the alleged demand of the British Government for his even and the provided he secapes to this country?"

"I decline to save, the country?"

"I decline to save, the country of the consequence of the consequence of the latter of the country for a political offense is a political offense in the consequence of the latter of the country of the count Mr. Sheridan Ready When Wanted.

knowledge of him except from what I have read in the papers."

"Mr. Roger A. Pryor, Mr. Sheridan's counsel, said; 'I have no fear that Mr. Sheridan will be extradited, attnough in terms the extradition freaty between the two countries provides for the surrender of a person accused of murder in England. I have not the least apprehension that the English Government can obtain the surrender of Mr. Sheridan. General Butter and I had a careful conference about It, and came to the conclusion that there was neither evidence nor law to justify his extradition."

Mr. Walsh Denies Complicity.

Mr. Walsh Denies Complicity.

New York World.

Mr. John Waish was found at the office of the Fish World discussing with a group of friends the recent news from Ireland which so closely concerns himself. Mr. Walsh is apparently between borty and filty years of age. He has iron-gray hair and a gray mustache. His features express at once caution and determination. He looks like a man who might be trusted to do a great deal, and afterward say very little about it. "I dony," he said, "being an accessory either before or after the fact or being in any way concerned with the Phonix Park murders. When the English Government ondexored to obtain my extradition from France, after an examination the French Government became satisfied that I was innocent of the charges brought against ms, and receased me."

"Do you think the English Government will succeed in obtaining your extradition from this country?"

"I do not know what the American Government may do in the matter, If I thought I could have obtained a fair trial in Dublin before an Imparital jury I should never have left England, But in Dublin, as present, on the testimony of perjured informers they could as easily find an indictment against you as against me for complicity in the Phonix Park murder. We are used to that sort of thing in Ireland.

A friend of Mr. Walsh bere joined in the con-

against me for complicity in the Phennix Park murdez. We are used to that sort of thing in Ireland."

A friend of Mr. Walsh here joined in the conversation and said: "There is not the remotest possibility that Mr. Walsh will be extradited from this country. There is one class that would extradite him if they could—the Angle-Americans who promenade on Fifth avenue and frequent the Brunswick. They ape everything English, especially the English gentleman. But despite all their efforts they remain merely apes, if they cross the Atlantic and find how ineffectual are their efforts to get into English solety, on their return they would from plane alone oppose to the utmost all demands of the British Government for the extradition of Irish refugees."

Mr. Walsh said that he had taken no steps to provide himself with counsel and intended simply to await developments.

Opinion of British Officials.

Mr. W. Lane Booker, the British Consulfeneral at New York, said yesterlay that he had received no official intimation that the British Government intended to apply for the extradition of Sheridan, Walsh and Tynan. The crime was an extraditable offenes, but at present he was not prepared to pass opinion as to whether the extradition of the persons named would be asked for by the British Government or would be likely to be obtained.

Mr. F. F. Marbury, Consul for the British Government, was seen at his office, No. 3 Broad struct, yesterday. He said that the crime was an extraditable offense, and he knew no reason why a political complexion should be given to the Broad Factor of the British of the Broad Struct, of the Broad Factor of the British Sheridan and Tynan—provided the latter could be found—would be granted by the United States Government." Opinion of British Officials.

The Extradition Law. The law which will regulate extradition proceedings in the cases of the persons who were indicted in Dublin yesterday, should their surrender be demanded, is contained in article 10 of the treaty of August 9, 1842, which is collisioned to be a surrender by the collision of the treaty of August 9, 1842, which is collisioned to be a surrender by the collision of the treaty of August 9, 1842, which is a surrender by the collision of the treaty of August 9, 1842, which is a surrender by the collision of the treaty of the collision of the co

in article 10 of the treaty of August 9, 1842, which is as follows:

It is agreed that the United States and Her Britannic Majesty shall, upon mutual requisitions by them, or their Ministers, officers, or authorities respectively made, deliver up to justice all persons who, being charged with the crime of murder, or assault with intent to commit murder, or pirace, or arosault with intent to commit murder, or pirace, or arosault with intent to commit murder, or pirace, or arosault with intent to commit murder, or pirace, or arosault with intent to commit murder, or pirace, or arosault with intent to commit murder, or pirace, or arosault before, or forgery, or the utterance of forged paper, committed within the territory of the other: Provided, that this shall only be done upon such evidence of criminality as, according to the laws of the piace where the fugitive or person so charged shall be found, would justify his apprehension and commitment for trial if the crime or offeres has there been committed; and the respective judges and other magistrates of Sale two governments shall have power, justedletton and authority, upon complaint made under oath the field of the togitive or person so charged, that he may be brought to charge, the hard and on the pirace with the providence of criminality may be been and on on a providence of criminality may be been and on on magistrate to certify the same to the pirace of contract to the same to the providence of criminality; that a warrant my pissue for the surrender of such fugitive.

A New York Policeman Killed.

A New York Policeman Killed. NEW YORK, May 4.—Officer Francis Mallon, of the Fourth-Precinct Police, was Mallon, of the Fourth-Precinct Police, was shot and killed at 2 o'clock this morning. The officer and Michael Sullivan, of No. 33 Catherine street, were seen standing in a doorway in Catherine street, near South street, and the officer ordered Sullivan to move, which he refused to do. The officer pushed Sullivan, when the latter turned and fired his revolver. The officer fell, and Sullivan fired two more shots at him. All three took effect in his head, killing him at once. Detectives Gilbride and Clarke heard the firing, and, running to the spot, arrested Sullivan. He struggled desperately, and had to be knocked down, firing two shots after he fell. The body of the policeman was taken to the Oak-street Station. He was a single man, aged 35 years.

Chicago, I.L., May 4.—Specials from points in Wisconsin and Illinois report great destruction of property by gales the past two days. At Wankesha, Wis., five dwellings were struck by lightning, and every public and educational institution was damaged. Loss over \$20,000. Around Milwanke scores of barns were leveled and cattle killed, and at San Francis the loss is \$6,000. Telegraph wires were blown down and railroad tracks ewept away in all directions.

Fire at Tullahoma, Tenu. NASHVILLE, TENN., May 4.—A fire broke out last night in the store of Rutledge & Bros., at Tuliahoma, Tenn., sixty-uine miles from here. The progress of the flames could not be stopped, and thirty houses were destroyed, including the railroad station, telegraph and press offices, and several dwellings.

Second Edition.

ADDITIONAL DEPARTMENTS.

JUSTICE BLATCHFORD, ex-Congressman Burrows and General Tom Nolson were among those who saw the President to-day. AGENT WILCOX writes the Indian Bu-reau that the band of rangers which have been hovering around the San Carlos Agency for some time have disbanded and returned to their homes.

THERE will be an examination of candidates for appointment to the grade of cadet in the Revenue Marine Service on the 22d inst., at the Tressury Department. Between 30 and 40 candidates will appear for

COLONEL ALBERT P. Mornow, Aid-de-Camp to the General of the Army and Lieutenant-Colonel Sixth Infantry, will be, at his own request, relieved as Aid-de-Camp June 1st, and will join his regiment for service in the field.

POSTMASTERS were commissioned to-day as follows: H. H. Hunter, at King George Court House, Va.; A. H. Wilson, at Ferrol, Va.; S. P. Seott, at Mayberry Creek, Va.; J. R. P. Stalnaker, at Burnt House, W. Va., and thirty-six in other States.

Ex-Congressman Murch was in the Treasury Department to-day. In conver-sation with Assistant Secretary New, he said that he would appear before the Hill Investigating Committee the beginning of next week, at which time the "ball will begin to roll" again.

The following changes have been made in the Revenue Marine Service: First Lieutenant J. A. Slamm and Second Assistant Engineer James T. Keleher, to steamer Johnson at Milwaukee: Second Assistant Engineer Thomas T. Hall, to steamer Gallitin at Boston; First Assistant Engineer F. B. Randall, to steamer Guthrie at Baltimore; First Assistant Engineer C. A. Laws, to steamer Colfax, at Wilmington, N. C.

ton, N. C.

SECOND COMPTROLLER UPTON has under consideration the important naval question as to whether a line officer designated by the commander of a United States vessel to act as paymaster during the sickness of the latter is entitled to compensation as paymaster during such service. Back decisions on the same subject allow the increased compensation, but a point has been raised to the effect that such payment is unlawful, as no vacancy exists under the circumstances in the grade of paymaster.

circumstances in the grade of paymaster.

The following promotions were recently made in the office of the Comptroller of the Currency in regular order and according to civil service reform: E. S. Peck, from superintendent to chief of division; J. C. Brown, from fourth class to superintendent; W. K. McCoy, from third class to fourth class; W. H. Walton, from second class to third class; M. M. Ogden, from first class to third class in M. M. Ogden, from first class to second class to third class to first class; Miss E. C. Bates, from \$1,000 class to first class; Miss E. H. Peters, from \$900 class to \$1,000 class; Thomas H. Austin, from watchman to \$900 class; Langston W. Allen, from laborer to watchman.

General Crook Heard From The following dispatch from Brigadier-General George Crook was this morning re-ceived at the War Department:

ceived at the War Department:

SAN BERNADENO SPEINGS, A. T., Abril 30,

YIA BOWIL, 30th.

Dispatch of 28th instant from General Sherman received. It is not my intention to violate
the convention between the two Governments,
My object in visiting Sonora and Chinualma was to arrange for co-operation, and, in case
my troops followed the hesitles into Mexico, to
see if I could not secure a liberal interpretation of the terms of the agreement in regard
to the time I could be allowed to remain there,
It is my intention to tast to-morrow morning
in pursuit of the savages, in accordance with
the treaty.

CROOK, Brigadier-General.

General Raum's Successor.

The fight for the Commissionership of Internal Revenue is waxing warm, and each day a new Richmond enters the field. The patronage of the office is simply immense, there being in the Internal Revenue Service more than 4,000 employes. Thus far the candidates for the office are ex-Congressmen Dunnell, Urner and Burrows, ex-Collector Simmons, of Boston; Asa C. Matthews (backed by Senator Logan), Mr. Hobart, of Cincinnati, and Deputy Commissioner Rogers, with others to hear from. General Raum's Successor.

John N. Lovejoy's Will.

The will of the late John N. Lovejoy was filed with the Register to-day, together with the petition of James W. H. Lovejoy with the petition of James W. H. Lovejoy that it be admitted to probate and record. The testator leaves the property at the corner of Twelfth and I streets northwest to James W. H. Lovejoy and Benjamin Beall in trust, and to permit Susan E. Lovejoy and Virginia L. Lovejoy to occupy the same so long as they temain single. In case of their marriage or the death of either then the trustees are to sell the property and distribute the proceeds among all of the children of the decased. The household effects are left upon the same trust and the residue of the estate is to be divided between the children.

A Reonisition From Virginia.

A Requisition From Virginia.

A requisition was received here to-day from the Governor of Virginia for George Payne, Edward Payne and John Powell, and submitted to Chief-Justice Cartter, who issued a warrant for their arrest.

George Payne is charged with violating the fishing law, and the other two for assaulting an officer in the discharge of his duty. After the parties were arrested. Mr. C. C. Cole, as counsel, obtained a writ of habeas corpus in each case, which made them returnable immediately before the Chief Justice, and the hearing was fixed at a future day.

In Judge MacArthur's Court. Business in the special term of the Crim-inal Court now in session, Judge Mac Arthur, presiding, was resumed this morn-ing by putting John Hudson and Edward Johnson on trial, charged with housebreak-

Johnson on trial the great which are ing in the night time.

This trial consumed pretty much all day. It seems to be one of Detective Edelin's cases in which it was evident that he had been a little too cager to make out a case.

The jury convicted the accused and Mr.

Miller made a motion for a new trial for
Johnson.

Mr. Charles W. Folger, son of Secretary Folger, has been appointed Disbursing Agent of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, vice Burrill, promoted, by Sacre-tary Folger to be chief of that Bureau.

Looks Like Nepotism

H. M. Hutchinson Worse.

H. H. Hutchinson Worse.
Mr. Hayward M. Hutchinson is considerably worse te-day. He is hourly growing weaker.

Endistring Court - Register Ramsdail. - Will of Einh Eingman exhibited and proven; proof of publication filed. Estate of Authory Buchly; first account of administrators and retition for sandman commission filed. Will of John N. Loveloy filed with petition of J. Will Milly proven. Will of William F. Burchard proved by Ecowoll H. Slovens. In re will fully proven. Will of William F. Burchard proved by Ecowoll H. Slovens. In re will deep the W. Collins; petition of Alice Collins for Feiters testamontary citation scalast ide Collins, widow, and Virginis Collins, minor daughter, returnable May 15.

"What a bore Jenkins is!" excialmed Con-nesty; "just met him and inlied about that confounted horse of his for half an hour, and I couldn't get a word in edgeways about my new dog."

FOUR PRISONERS ESCAPE From the Cell at the Conrthouse How It Was Done.

Last week the Marshal transferred the prisoners from the dock to a cell in the asement of the City Hall, and had them rought up into the courtroom one at a

time, as wanted. This change worked very well until to-day, when there was, at 2 o'clock, a general delivery from the cell, and the following escaped: Reddy White, convicted of grand larcony. John Waters, convicted of housebreak-

Richard Hill, awaiting trial for assault. George McCauley, awaiting trial for assault with intent to kill Arthur Flynn. In the room in which the men were placed was one window covered with heavy placed was one window covered with heavy iron bars running to the celling. The door leading to the hall was locked at the time, and without making any noise the prisoners got to the top of the iron work and forced back two of the bars sufficient to slip through, and crawling out of the window, gained their liberty. They were gone about fiften minutes before their escape was discovered.

None of them had been recaptured up to Marshal McMichael immediately dis-charged the two bailiffs in charge of the

The Title to Fernandina, Fla.

The Title to Pernandina, Fia.

In June, 1863, most of the land upon which the city of Fernandina, Fia., is now built was sold for direct taxes and a large part of it bid in by the tax commissioners for the United States. Some question arose as to the validity of that sale on account of the participation in it of only two of the three tax commissioners, the third being absent and claiming to protest against the sale.

absent and claiming to protest against the sale.

The question was submitted to the Treasury Department for an opinion the same year, and Commissioner Lewis wrote an opinion adverse to that sale. Secretary Chase approved the opinion, whereupon the tax commissioners in Florida passed an order setting it saide and readvertising the property for sale. A portion of it was resold, but about 2,000 lots remained unsold, the Government relinquishing its claim to such as had been bid in. Considerable litigation followed in the local courts of Florida relative to the titles under that sale and the claim of the Government to the lots which had been bid in was brought before the Department, and in February last Commissioner Raum expressed the opinion that it would be inequitable to insist upon any claim to those lots upon the part of the Government. Secretary Folger approved the Commissioner's conclusions, and last Wednesday Acting Commissioner Rogers issued instruction: to Collector Eagan, at Jacksonville, to surrender all control or care of these lands and to return any moneys which had been received as rents for the same. An officer of the bureau, Mr. L. S. Emory, has been ordered to proceed to Florida and assist in the adjustment of the matter.

Heavy Revenue Increase.

The collections received at the office of Internal Revenue for the four days of this month amount to \$3,435,637.53. Collections received to-day, \$1,354,681.69. This phenomenal increase is all due to the fact that all the tobacco and cigar manufacturers were required to stamp their tobacco and cigars that were sold on and after May I with stamps at the reduced rates as made by the reduction of the act of March, 1853. The new stamps could not be procured until May I, and dealers having allowed their stocks to run down with the prospect of buying cheaper because of the reduced tax, required a full supply of tobacco on the first of the month. Heavy Revenue Increase.

NOTES ABOUT TOWN.

SAMUEL H. WALKER, will erect four brick dwellings on B street, between Fourth and Fifth streets northeast, at a cost of \$10,000.

Mis. L. M. Adams will add a two-story brick addition to her house at the intersec-tion of Seventh and Fourteenth street roads brightwood, at a cost of \$5,000. Frans Neihouse will improve his house at 220 D street northwest, at a cost of \$500.

street northwest, at a cost of \$590.

POSTMASTER-GENERAL GRESHAM to-day ordered that all the telegraph signs on the south front of the Postoffice building be removed. These signs have long been an eyesore to the public, and their removal will be regarded with general approbation.

LATE yesterday afternoon Miss Martha McCullough, a well-known young lady, residing at 1839 Nineteenth street, mot with a painful and dangerous accident. She was riding in the grounds of the Soldiers' Home, when the horse at tached to the vehicle became unmanage-Soldiers' Home, when the horse at-tached to the vehicle became unmanage-able and began kicking. Miss McCullough was greatly frightened and leaped from the carriage, breaking both legs between the ankle and knee. Drs. De Witt and Bliss were quickly summoned, and after dress-ing her wounds she was taken to her resi-dence in the Home ambulance.

The Cause of Much Drunkenness. The Cause of Ruch Princenters.

Harrisburg Patriot.

The Prohibition Amendment people are doubtless still mourning over the defeat of their pet measure in the House the other day, if they take a sensible view of the case and have the reformation of drunkenness truly at heart they will feel still more dejected over the failure of their anti-Treat bill in the Sarate vesterday.

the failure of their Anti-Treat bill in the Senate yesterday.

The custom of treating in this country, which is prohibited by custom in Europe, makes more drunkards than would be made by the free and unrestricted sale of liquor. There might be a beer saleon on every corner, yet its business would go down if the trealing custom were prohibited. In this city, for instance, when a bartender sees five men enter his place he feels sure of selling twenty five drinks. Every man in the party that enters the saleon feels it his duty to "set" em up again."

we drinks. Every man in the party that enters the saloon feels it his duty to "set" on up again."

The invariable result of the practice is that men who want only one drink find their stommen the summer of the store of the summer of the weep him drinking heavily for another day. The young man who cannot stand much liquor is first too proud to refuse to drink with a man whom he has treated, then becomes a triffereckies from frequent libation, and ends by getting reeling drunk.

The average drinking man, contrary to the general idea, does not believe in getting drunk and he would seldom become intoxicated were it not for the practice of treating. He cries: "Save me from my friends!" Yet he is not a prohibitionist; he is opposed to any arbitrary restriction of his liberties. Thousands of anti-prohibitionists, who are opposed to intemperance, ret enter a saloon and take a glass of liquor when they please, would be only too happy if treating were not barroom eliquotts. Because they better than any one eliquotts. The man who goes into a saloon to take on an average two drinks a day, which would probably cost him at the highest 10 cents, seldom gets away from each visit without spending four or five times that amount. So far as his stomach, he pocketbook, and the general temperance and health of the pople would be wenderfully improved if the custom of treating were abandoned.

A Warming to Lawyers.

A Warning to Lawyers.

A Warning to Lawyers.

Eschange,
A californian was told by a lawyer that, in consequence of an inaccurate statement in a newspaper article about him, he could get heavy damages, and so he consented to the bringing of a self, to the trial list character was shown to the jury in so unpleasant a light that they decided it to have been injured by the publication to the extent of only one dollar. His expenses were \$500, and he now sues his course for that sum, on the ground that his advice was ball.

CRIME AND CUSSEDNESS

IN THEIR DIFFERENT PHASES.

der by Shooting and Otherwise-The Bevilish Pranks of Certain In-dividuals—How Jails Are Filled.

CRICAGO, May 4.—A list of fifty burg-laries committed during the present week and all suppressed by the police is pub-lished this morning. The aggregate steat-ing amounts to many thousands of dol-lars, and the places burglarized range from aristocratic hotels and humble tenements to magistrates' offices and public court-rooms.

Froms.

BUTTE, MON., May 4.—At Eagle Rock, Idaho, Mulley, a discharged railroad employe, fatally shot Station-Agent Green for procuring his discharge. The indignation is intense, and it is believed he will be beautiful.

is intense, and it is believed he will be tynched.

PLYMOUTH, WIS., May 4.—Ex-Sheriff Spear and Charles Warner, both married, with families, have been arrested and jailed for outrageous assault on Emma Bergen, aged 19.

LINCOLN, NER., May 4.—The trial of Jack Marlon for the murder of John W. Cameron was concluded in the District Court of Gago County last evening by a vericlet of murder in the first degree. The murder was committed eleven years ago. The evidence was purely circumstantial.

Archibon, Kan., May 4.—At Eden, in this county, a few nights ago, a party of young fellows went to a saloon in a country store to have an all-night carouse. A fight occurred. James Volmer, Polk Kelley, the two laker brothers and three brothers named McCarthy were all seriously stabbed or shot.

Two Desperadoes Killed and One

onely stabled or shot.

Two Desperadoes Killed and One Captured.

Chicago, Ill., May 4.—An Indian Territory special reports a desperate fight between three horse thieves and desperadoes and a posse of avengers, who pursued them from Texas. The battle was on the open prairie. At the first fire an outlaw, Fisming, fell with a bullet in his brain. A second followed suit, and the third, a long-looked for murderer, surrendered. All of the avengers were more or less wounded.

Violating Postal Laws.

New Yorks, May 4.—Hussey's special message agency here was raided by Chief Inspector Newcomb, of the Postoffice, early this morning and all the employes were arrested. A thousand letters and circulars were also captured. The raid was made under section 555 of the United States laws which prohibits private parties from carrying letters or mail between points where regular mail service is established.

Another Thief at Large.

Wyandorte, Kan, May 4.—An investi-gation of the books of Ed. H. Soger, a jour-nalist and ex-city clerk, shows a demoral-ized state of affairs. Scrip raising, bond hypothecation, etc., was practiced to a large amount. Shortly before his flight his family went to Geneva, N. Y., where it is believed he has joined them. Necktie Parties.

TRENTON, GA., May 4.—D. F. Walker, one of the Hardberger murderers, was hanged this afternoon in the presence of several thousand.

TALIAHASSEE, F.LA., May 4.—John Leed, closed, who murdered Learnin, Corelect.

colored, who murdered Joseph Crockett, white, was hanged at Gainsville to-day. Sentenced to Penal Servitude.

Constantinople, May 4.—The Armenian conspirators artested in January last and incarcerated at Erzeroum, have been sentenced to penal servitude. Some for life and others for twenty-five and fifteen years.

Another Russian Dynamite Factory. St. Peterseurg, May 4.—A secret manufactory of explosives has been dis-covered at Crostadt and a large number of naval officers have been arrested for being connected with it. Lawrence Hanton Convicted.

DUBLIN, May 4.—Liawrence Hanlou was this morning found guilty and sentenced to penal servitude for life. The charge against Hanlou was conspiracy to murder.

Private Postoffices Raided. New York, May 4.—The Government officials to-day raided the private letter and paper distributing postoffices, conducted by Boyd, at No. 1 Park Place, and Hussey, at 54 Pine street, seizing more than 20,000 letters ready for distribution. The raids and adversa wartribution. The raids and seizures were made under those sections of the postal laws prohibiting competition with the Govern-men in the carrying of mail matter. The concerns raided had built in a con-

The concerns raided had built up a very large business under a system of distribut-ing by carriers. This was called their penny-postage plan, and under it notices, advertisements, duns, &c., would be delivadvertisements duns, &c., would be delivered by special messengers, properly uniformed, to as many addresses as desired for a penny per cach address. The deliveries were made in regular cuveloges stamped with a penny Hussey & Boyd stamp.

The Government charges two cauts for similar scaled deliveries within the city. The service by private enterprises, besides being cheaper, was much more expeditious than the Government service, and was so much appreciated on this account that one concern had on its regular day roll forty messengers, and the other thirty, and both delivered on an average upward of 42,000 letters per day.

letters per day.

These private deliveries, the Government detectives say, reduced the revenue of the city postoffice for such servives \$310 a day and the competition was increasing variable.

Another Wreck.

rapidly.

POET TOWNSEND, W. T., May 4.—The U. S. steamer Adams has just arrived from Alaska, bringing news of the wreck of the steamer Eureka in Peril Straits while on her way to Harrisburg, Alaska. The deputy collector at Wangle reports all passengers, twenty-nine in number, saved. The Cabinet To-day, The Cabinet To-day,
The Cabinet remained in session an unusually long time to-day. The Presiden has not yet decided to sign the commission of Mr. Keim, though the Commissioners were in consultation with him for a lon time to-day on that subject. The appoint ment of a successor to General Raum will not be made for several days.

Fine Feathers and Fine Birds. Fine feathers may not make fine birds, but a man always feels easier, and is certainly more respected, when appropriately dressed. And speaking on this subject one naturally times one's mind to the satisliatment of Mr. George Spranny, the one-priced clothier and tailor, of 507 Seventh street. Mr. Spranny's shock of goods is perfect, his attention unexpected and his prices exceedingly reasonable.

Confederate Relies.

Pachange.

Dr. W. H. Aikon, of Winnsbore', S. C., possesses come valuable relies of the Confederate Government. Among them is the seal of the Frovisional Government, made of a simple round piece of brass, with the inscriptions avoind the edges, "Provisional Government," Confederate States of America," In the centre is a scroll and on it are written the wards, "Constitutional Liberty," He also has the seal of the Department of State In bears a marked resemblance to the seal of the Provisional Government, and has upon its face, "Confederate States of America, Department of State,"

Balte, American.

Mr. George Bilas says if the present Star-Reute trial should be a mistrial, the Govern-ment should pic fint and try again. Jos so. Mr. Biles gots \$150 per day for his tavaluable